(Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.

To enshrine the legacy of Jamal Khashoggi by protecting activists and journalists, codifying the Khashoggi Ban, and introducing the Khashoggi Amendment to the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. SCHIFF introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To enshrine the legacy of Jamal Khashoggi by protecting activists and journalists, codifying the Khashoggi Ban, and introducing the Khashoggi Amendment to the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Jamal Khashoggi Pro-
- 5 tection of Activists and Press Freedom Act of 2023".

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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3	(1) A free and independent press is necessary
4	for citizens to make informed choices on issues of
5	public concern, to have the information necessary to
6	recognize truth from falsehood, and to hold the pow-
7	erful and Government officials to account.
_	

8 (2) As reflected in the First Amendment to the
9 United States Constitution, a free press is essential
10 to safeguard democracy.

11 (3) The suppression of the press is historically12 associated with authoritarian rule.

(4) As provided in article 19 of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights and
the International Covenant on Civil and Political
Rights, all people enjoy the right to freedom of opinion and expression, which includes the right to seek,
receive, and impart information.

19 (5) An informed public is fundamental to a free20 society.

(6) In accordance with a long United States
history of championing freedom of the press around
the globe, the Daniel Pearl Freedom of the Press
Act of 2009 was enacted into law (Public Law 111–
166).

(7) Since the passage of the Daniel Pearl Free dom of the Press Act of 2009, the global environ ment for a free and independent press has become
 more repressive.

(8) According to data from the Committee to 5 6 Protect Journalists, at least 363 journalists were im-7 prisoned globally in relation to their work as of De-8 cember 1, 2022, a new global high that overtakes 9 the prior year's record by 20 percent and marks an-10 other grim milestone in a deteriorating media land-11 scapes. The Committee to Protect Journalists also 12 reported there was complete impunity in nearly 80 13 percent of the 263 cases of journalists murdered 14 globally between September 1, 2012, to August 31, 15 2022.

16 (9) According to Freedom House's publication 17 "Freedom in the World 2023", global freedom has 18 declined for 17 consecutive years, and over the past 19 year, media freedom came under pressure in at least 20 157 countries and territories assessed in the report. Freedom House data also show that freedom of ex-21 22 pression, for the media and individuals, has declined 23 more than any other civil liberty over the last 17 24 years, and infringement on free expression is one of

the biggest drivers of democratic backsliding glob ally.

3 (10) According to data from Reporters Without
4 Borders, 55 journalists were killed in 2022, an al5 most 15 percent increase over the prior year, and
6 since 2020, more journalists have been deliberately
7 targeted and killed in countries considered "at
8 peace" than in conflict zones.

9 (11) In 2018, the brutal murder of Jamal 10 Khashoggi at the hands of Saudi intelligence officers 11 acting on explicit orders of the Saudi Government 12 underscored the extent to which those in power will 13 go to stifle the freedom of expression, silence their 14 critics, and eliminate the threat they believe inde-15 pendent journalists pose to their rule. The Office of 16 the Director of National Intelligence released a par-17 tial, declassified intelligence report on February 26, 18 2021, which concluded that Khashoggi's murder was 19 approved by Saudi Crown Prince Mohamed bin 20 Salman. However, impunity continues for the Saudi 21 officials involved in this crime.

(12) In March 2022, a Turkish judge, likely at
the behest of President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan,
issued a ruling that closed the criminal trial of the
perpetrators in Türkiye (Turkey) and transferred it

to Saudi Arabia, where the case against the per petrators was promptly dismissed, foreclosing the
 prospect that they will ever be held accountable.

4 (13) In an effort to combat attacks against 5 journalists and others exercising their right to free-6 dom of expression, Secretary of State Antony J. 7 Blinken in February 2021 announced the Khashoggi 8 Ban, a new policy allowing the Department of State 9 to impose visa restrictions on individuals who, acting 10 on behalf of a foreign government, are believed to 11 have been directly engaged serious, in 12 extraterritorial counter-dissident activities, including 13 activities that suppress, harass, surveil, threaten, or 14 harm journal lists, activists, or other persons per-15 ceived to be dissidents for their work.

16 SEC. 3. KHASHOGGI BAN GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY.

Section 212(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality
Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)) is amended by adding at the
end the following:

20 "(H) KHASHOGGI BAN.—
21 "(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien who is
22 determined by the Secretary of State, or
23 the Secretary of Homeland Security in
24 consultation with the Secretary of State, to

1	be engaged in counter-dissident activities is
2	inadmissible.
3	"(ii) DISCRETIONARY BAN.—Any alien
4	who is an immediate family member of an
5	alien who is inadmissible under clause (i)
6	may be inadmissible, as determined by the
7	Secretary of State or the Secretary of
8	Homeland Security, in consultation with
9	the Secretary of State.
10	"(iii) NOTIFICATION OF DETERMINA-
11	TIONS.—If an alien is determined to be in-
12	admissible under clause (i) or (ii), the Sec-
13	retary of State, or the Secretary of Home-
14	land Security in consultation with the Sec-
15	retary of State, shall notify Congress, and
16	may also make a public statement, identi-
17	fying the alien and the reasons for the de-
18	termination.
19	"(iv) Clarification.—For the pur-
20	poses of clause (iii), the records of the De-
21	partment of State and of diplomatic and
22	consular offices of the United States per-
23	taining to the issuance or refusal of visas
24	or permits to enter the United States shall
25	not be considered confidential.

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1	"(v) NATIONAL INTEREST WAIVER
2	The Secretary of State or the Secretary of
3	Homeland Security, in consultation with
4	the Secretary of State, may waive the re-
5	quirements of this subparagraph, or any
6	part thereof, if such Secretary determines
7	that such a waiver—
8	"(I) is necessary to permit the
9	United States to comply with the
10	Agreement Regarding the Head-
11	quarters of the United Nations,
12	signed at Lake Success June 26,
13	1947, and entered into force Novem-
14	ber 21, 1947 (TIAS 1676), or any
15	other applicable international obliga-
16	tion of the United States; or
17	"(II) is in the national interest of
18	the United States.
19	Such waiver shall be made in writing to
20	Congress and shall include a brief descrip-
21	tion of the how such waiver relates to a
22	reason described in subclause (I) or (II).
23	"(vi) DEFINITION.—In this subpara-
24	graph, the term 'counter-dissident activi-
25	ties' means actions taken by a foreign gov-

1	ernment or an individual who operates sub-
2	ject to the direction or control of a foreign
3	government or official, to silence, suppress,
4	harass, surveil, threaten, or harm journal-
5	ists, activists, or other persons perceived to
6	be dissidents by the foreign government,
7	which may include extrajudicial executions,
8	physical attacks, digital stalking, abduc-
9	tions, illegal deportations, or other forms
10	of aggression, threats, or intimidation to-
11	ward the targeted individual or close asso-
12	ciates or family members of that indi-
13	vidual.".
14	SEC. 4. KHASHOGGI AMENDMENT TO THE FOREIGN SOV-
15	EREIGN IMMUNITIES ACT.
16	(a) General Exceptions to the Jurisdictional
17	IMMUNITY OF A FOREIGN STATE.—Section 1605(a) of
18	title 28, United States Code, is amended—
19	(1) in paragraph $(5)(B)$, by striking "or" at the
20	$\mathrm{end};$
21	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period and
22	inserting "; or"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(7) in which money damages are sought
25	

1	death of a United States person (as such term is de-
2	fined in section $1637(d)(10)$ of the Carl Levin and
3	Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Au-
4	thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (50 U.S.C.
5	1708(d)(10)), which personal injury or death oc-
6	curred—
7	"(A) outside of the territory of that foreign
8	state on or after October 2, 2017; and
9	"(b) as a direct result of actions taken out-
10	side of the territory of that foreign state by a
11	foreign state or an individual who operated sub-
12	ject to the direction or control of a foreign state
13	or official, to silence, suppress, harass, surveil,
14	threaten, or harm the United States person be-
15	cause of that person's role as a journalist, activ-
16	ist, or other perceived dissidence.".
17	(b) Exceptions to the Immunity From Attach-
18	MENT OR EXECUTION.—Section 1610 of title 28, United
19	States Code, is amended by striking "section 1605(a)(2),
20	(3), or (5)" and inserting "paragraph (2), (3), (5), or (7)
21	of section 1605(a)".
22	SEC. 5. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
23	(a) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
24	of enactment of this Act, and every year thereafter for
25	three years, the Secretary of State shall submit to the

Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representa tives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate,
 and the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Rep resentatives and of the Senate, a report, including a classi fied annex if necessary, describing, for the previous year,
 each act of serious counter-dissident activity committed
 by—

8 (1) each individual determined to be inadmis9 sible under section 212(a)(3)(H) of the Immigration
10 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182); and

(2) each individual with respect to whom a
waiver was granted under clause (v) of such section
212(a)(3)(H) and a justification for each such waiver.

(b) POSTING OF REPORT.—The Secretary of State
shall make the unclassified version of the report required
under subsection (a) publicly available on the website of
the Department of State.

19 SEC. 6. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act or an amendment made by this
Act may be construed to alter or affect any sanction imposed with respect to violations of human rights under any
other provision of law or to limit the authority of the
President to impose sanctions with respect to violations
of human rights.